

# Rocktech Displays Limited



## LCD Module Specification

Module P/N: RK101HI34E

Version: 1.0

Description : 10.1 inch TFT 1280\*800 Pixels with  
LED backlight, All viewing angle,  
1000 nits brightness

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**Revision History**

Date	Rev.	Page	Description
2020-08-26	1.0	All	First issue

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**1. General Features**

Item	Spec	Remark
Display Mode	Normally Black transmissive	
Viewing Direction	Free	IPS Panel
Input Signals	LVDS Signal	
Outside Dimensions	229.46(W) x149.1(H) x4.5(D)	Without PCBA
Active Area	216.96mm(W)×135.60mm(H)	
Number of Pixels	1280(RGB)×800	
Dot Pitch	0.0565mm(H) ×0.1695mm(W)	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB Vertical stripes	

## 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded may cause operation or damage to the unit.

ITEM	Sym.	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3	3.9	V	
Operation Temperature	Top	-20	70	°C	
Storage Temperature	Tst	-30	80	°C	

Note 1: The absolute maximum rating values of this product are not allowed to be exceeded at any times. Should a module be used with any of the absolute maximum ratings exceeded, the characteristics of the module may not be recovered, or in an extreme case, the module may be permanently destroyed.

## 3. Electrical Specification

### 3.1 Driving TFT LCD Panel

ITEM	Sym.	Min.	Typ	Max.	Unit	Remark
Supply Voltage	VDD	2.6	3.3	3.6	V	
Input Voltage "H" Level	VIH	0.7VDD	-	VDD	V	
Input Voltage "L" Level	VIL	0	-	0.3VDD	V	

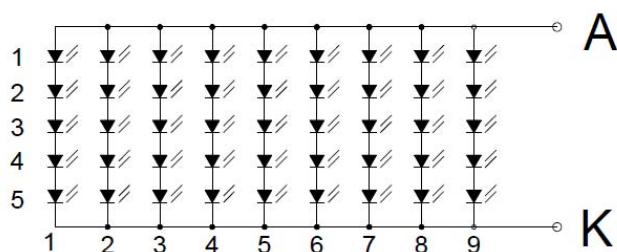
### 3.2 Backlight Driving Conditions

Item	Sym.	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	Note
Backlight driving voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	15.0	16.0	17.0	V	
Backlight driving current	I <sub>F</sub>	315	360	405	mA	
Backlight Power Consumption	W <sub>BL</sub>	-	5760	-	mW	
Life Time	-	-	30,000	-		

Note 1: Each LED: I<sub>F</sub> =40 mA, V<sub>F</sub> =3.2+/-0.2V.

Note 2: Optical performance should be evaluated at Ta=25°C only.

Note 3: If LED is driven by high current, high ambient temperature & humidity condition. The life Time of LED will be reduced. Operating life means brightness goes down to 50% initial brightness. Typical operating life time is estimated data.



CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

## 4.Optical Specifications

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 500mm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0°.

Item	Sym.	Values			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
1)Contrast Ratio	C/R	800	1000	-		FIG.1
2)Module Luminance	L	850	1000	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	FIG.1
3)Response time	Tr+Tf	-	25	35	ms	FIG.2
4)Viewing Angle	$\theta_T$	75	85	-	Degree	FIG.3
	$\theta_B$	75	85	-		
	$\theta_L$	75	85	-		
	$\theta_R$	75	85	-		
5)Chromaticity	Wx	0.28	0.32	0.36		
	Wy	0.29	0.33	0.37		
	Rx	-	-	-		
	Ry	-	-	-		
	Gx	-	-	-		
	Gy	-	-	-		
	Bx	-	-	-		
	By	-	-	-		

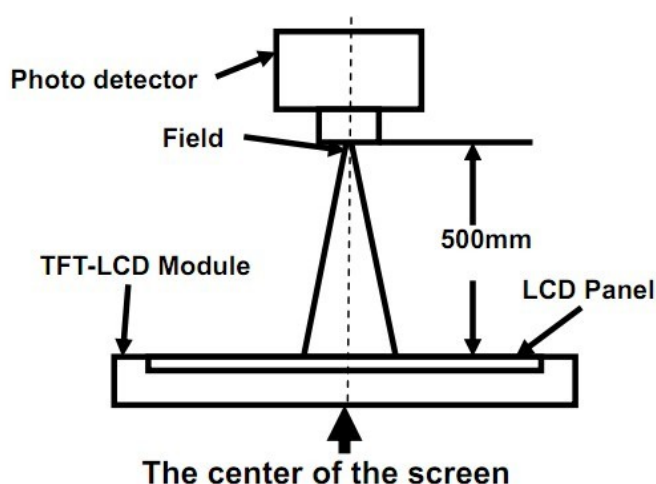
## ◆ Measurement System

Notes:

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :  

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}}$$
2. Surface luminance is the center point across the LCD surface 500mm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.
3. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (Rising Time, Tr) and from black to white (Falling Time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 2.
4. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 3.

**FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method**



Item	Photo detector	Field
Contrast Ratio	SR-3A	1°
Luminance		
Chromaticity		
Lum Uniformity		
Response Time	BM-7A	2°

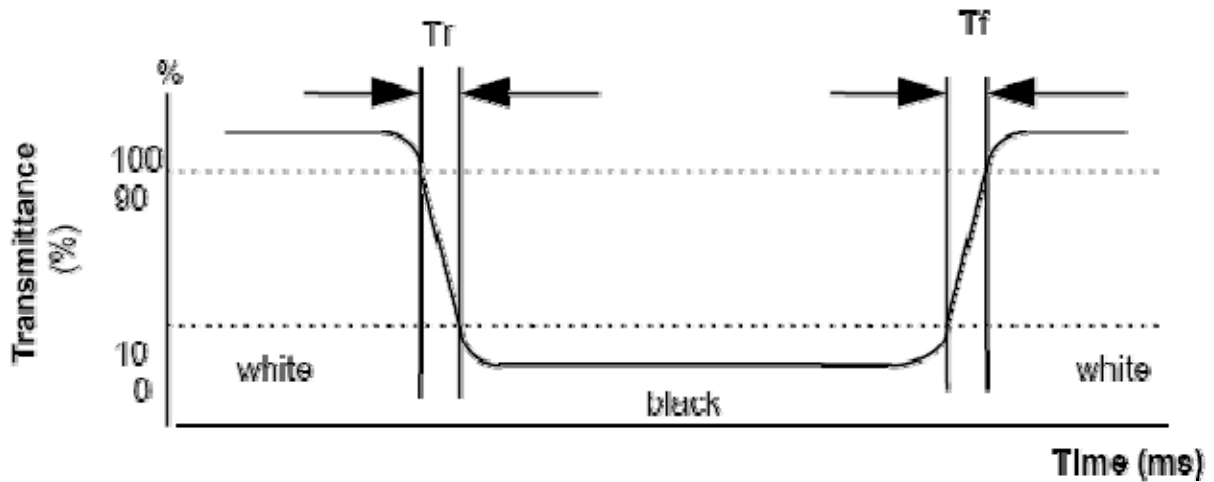


**FIG. 2 The definition of Response Time**

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for “black” and “white”.

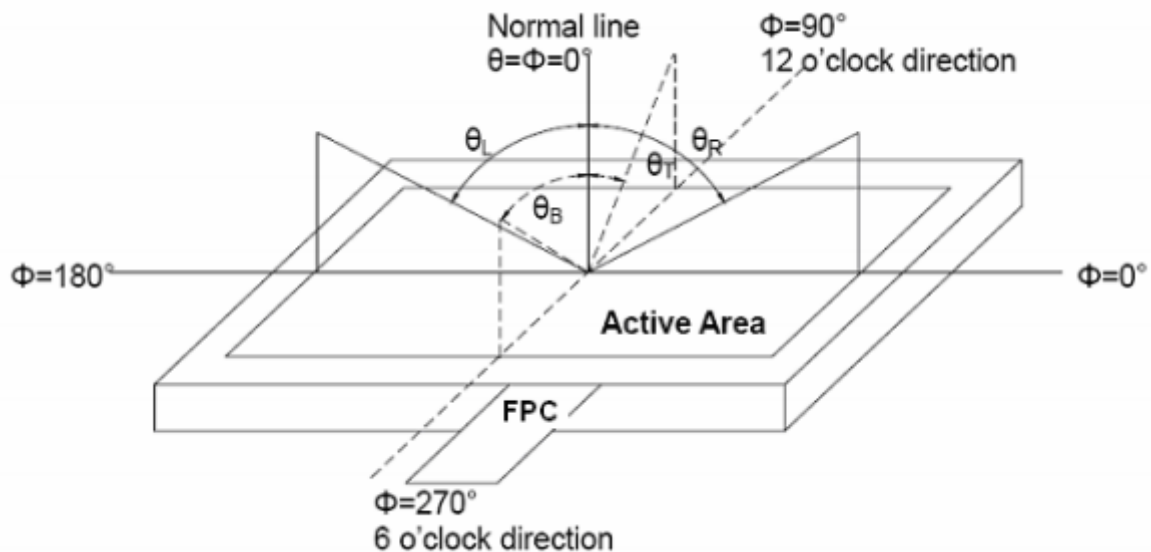
Response Time = Rising Time( $T_r$ ) + Falling Time( $T_f$ )

- Rising Time( $T_r$ ) : Full White 90% → Full White 10% Transmittance.
- Falling Time( $T_f$ ) : Full White 10% → Full White 90% Transmittance.

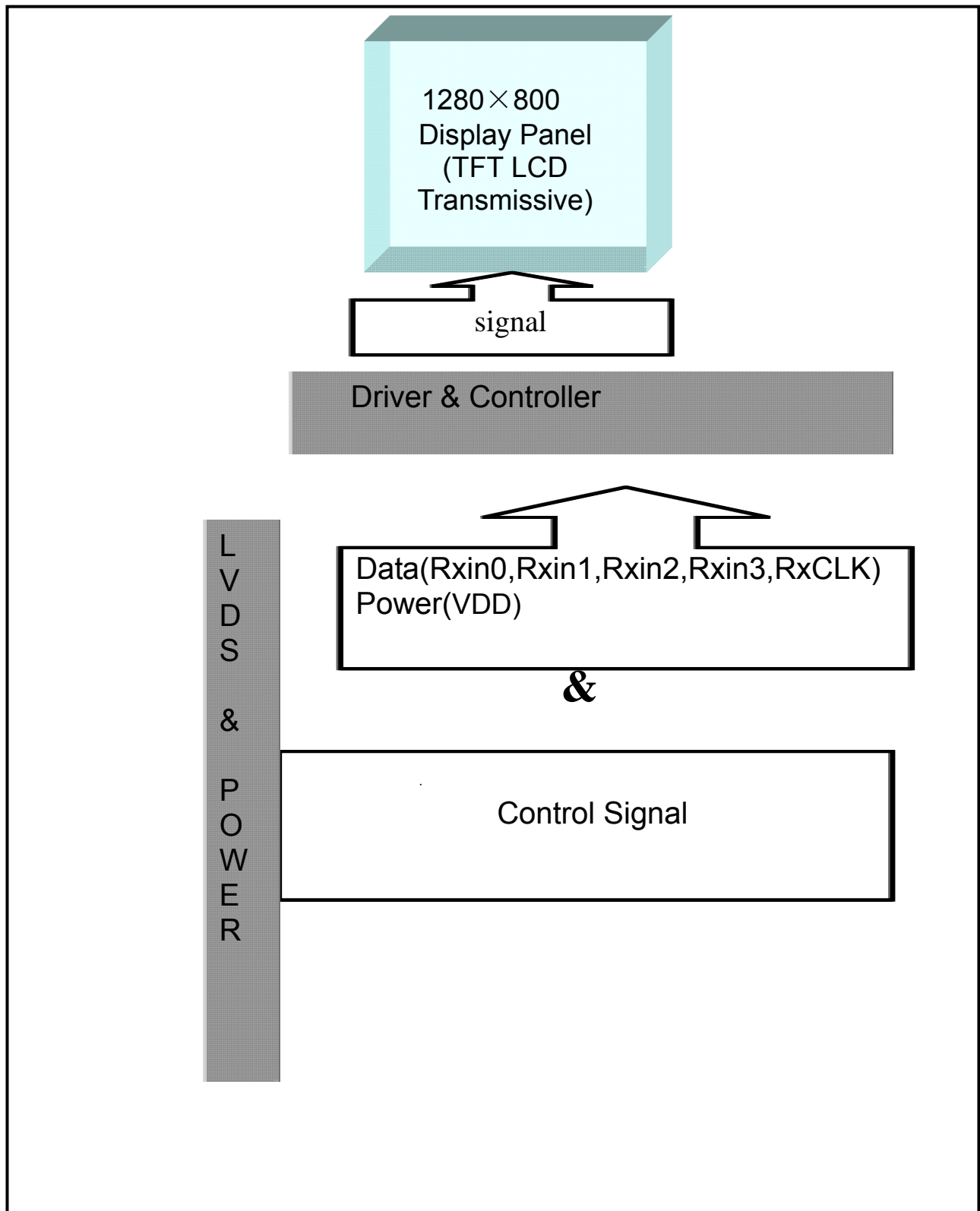


**FIG. 3 The definition of Viewing Angle**

Use Fig. 1(Test Procedure) under Measurement System to measure the contrast from the measuring direction specified by the conditions as the following figure.



## 5. Block Diagram



## 6.Pin Description

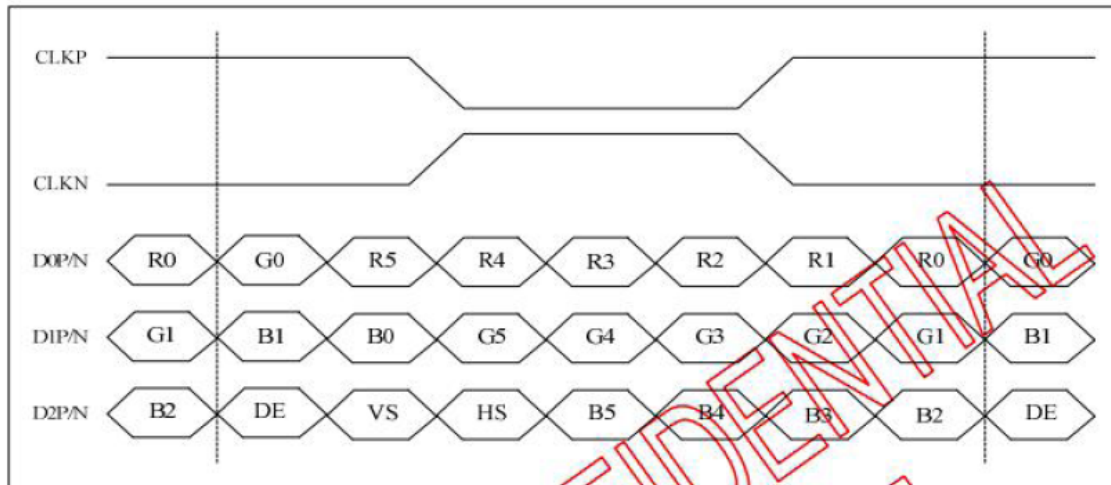
### 6.1 LCD Pin interface

Item	Terminal	I/O	Functions	
1	NC	-	No connection	
2	VDD	P	Power Supply, 3.3V	
3	VDD	P	Power Supply, 3.3V	
4-6	NC	-	No connection	
7	GND	P	Ground	
8	Rxin0-	I	-LVDS Differential Data Input	
9	Rxin0+	I	+LVDS Differential Data Input	
10	GND	P	Ground	
11	Rxin1-	I	-LVDS Differential Data Input	
12	Rxin1+	I	+LVDS Differential Data Input	
13	GND	P	Ground	
14	Rxin2-	I	-LVDS Differential Data Input	
15	Rxin2+	I	+LVDS Differential Data Input	
16	GND	P	Ground	
17	RxCLK-	I	-LVDS Differential Data Input	
18	RxCLK+	I	+LVDS Differential Data Input	
19	GND	P	Ground	
20	Rxin3-	I	-LVDS Differential Data Input	
21	Rxin3+	I	+LVDS Differential Data Input	
22	GND	P	Ground	
23	NC	-	No connection	
24	NC	-	No connection	
25	GND	P	Ground	
26-29	NC	-	No connection	
30	GND	P	Ground	
31	LED-	P	LED Cathode	
32	LED-	P	LED Cathode	
33-38	NC	-	No connection	
39	LED+	P	LED Anode	
40	LED+	P	LED Anode	

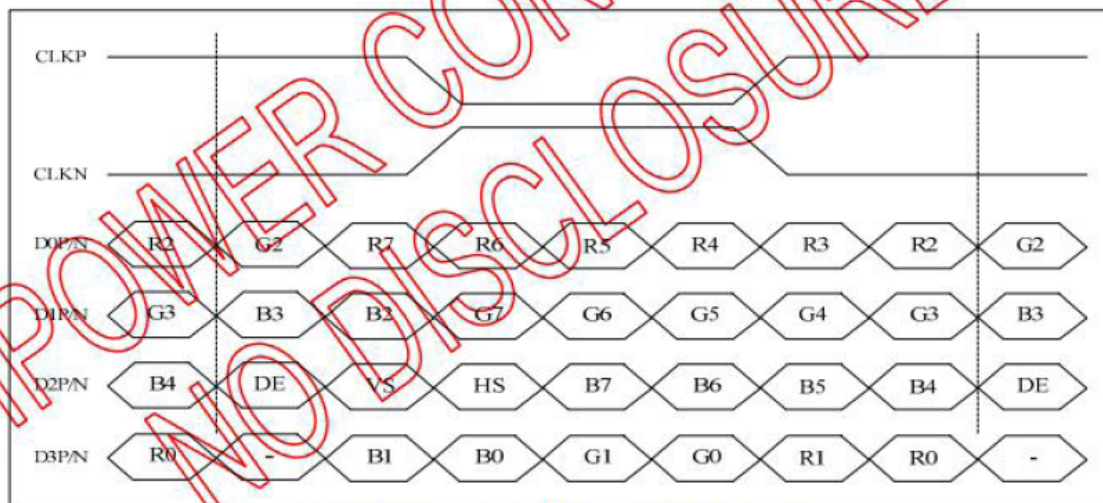
I: input, O: output, P: Power

## 7. Timing Characteristics

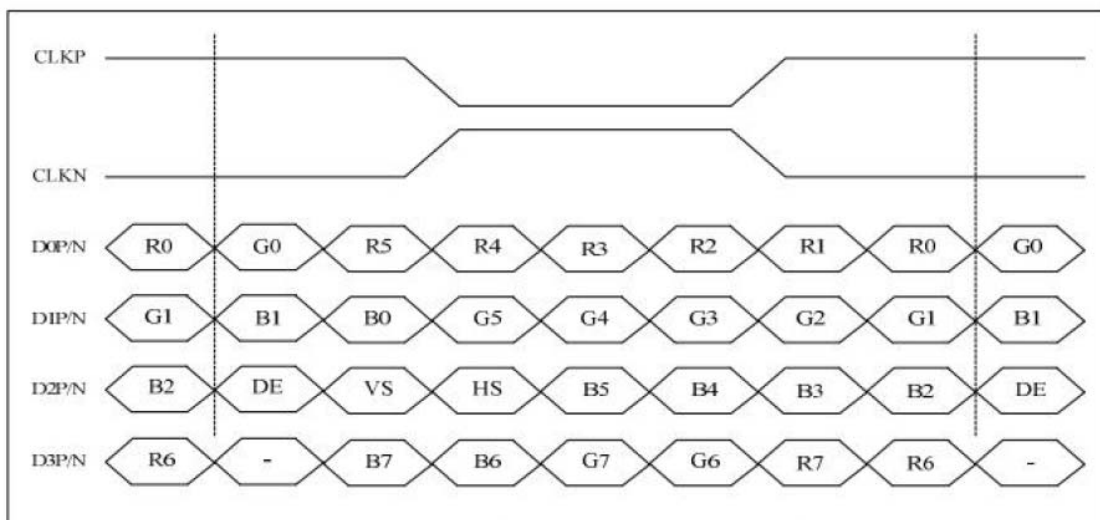
### 7.1 LVDS interface Characteristics



6-bit LVDS input (LVBIT=L, LVFMT=Don't care)



8-bit LVDS input (LVBIT=H, LVFMT=L)



8-bit LVDS input (LVBIT=H, LVFMT=H)

## 7.2 Timing Table

Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
DCLK frequency @Frame rate=60Hz (LVDS)		F <sub>DCLK</sub>	66.3	72.4	78.9	MHz
HSYNC period time		T <sub>H</sub>	1380	1440	1500	DCLK
Horizontal display area		T <sub>HD</sub>	1280			DCLK
HSYNC pulse width	Min.	T <sub>HPW</sub>	1			
	Typ.		-			
	Max.		40			
HSYNC back porch(with pulse width)		T <sub>HBP</sub>	88	88	88	DCLK
HSYNC front porch		T <sub>HFP</sub>	12	72	132	DCLK
VSYNC period time		T <sub>V</sub>	824	838	872	H
Vertical display area		T <sub>VD</sub>	800			H
VSYNC pulse width	Min.	T <sub>VPW</sub>	1			H
	Typ.		-			
	Max.		20			
VSYNC back porch(with pulse width)		T <sub>VBP</sub>	23	23	23	H
VSYNC front porch		T <sub>VFP</sub>	1	15	49	H

## 7.3 Reset Timing Characteristics

When RESETB of the reset pin equals to Low, it will be in the condition of reset.  
When it is in the condition of reset, it will make the device recover the initial set.

However, in order to avoid the reset noise cause reset, there is a mechanism to judge about whether the reset is needed or not.

The closed interval of Low can be shown as the following.

(Test condition: VDDIO=2.3V~3.6V, VSS=0V, T<sub>A</sub>=-20 ~+85 )

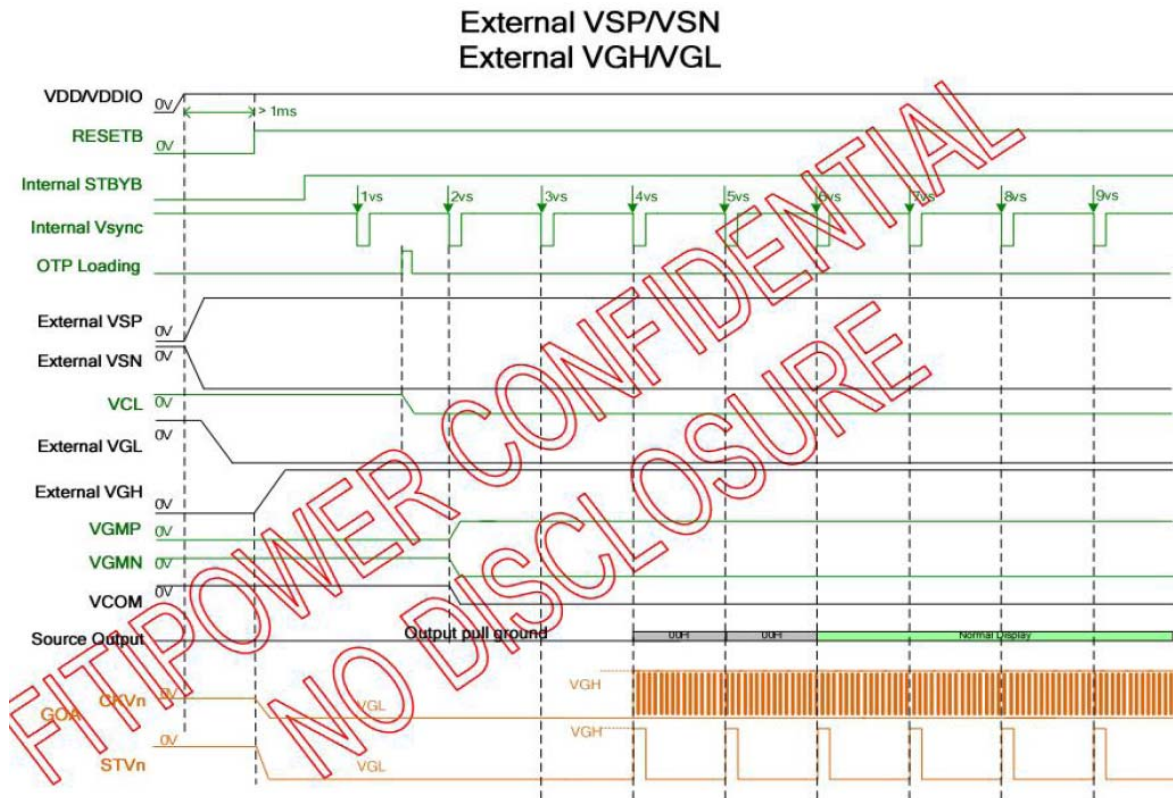
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Spec.			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max	
Reset low pulse width	Trst		20	-	-	μs



Figure 13.5: Reset timing



## 7.4 Power ON/OFF Sequence



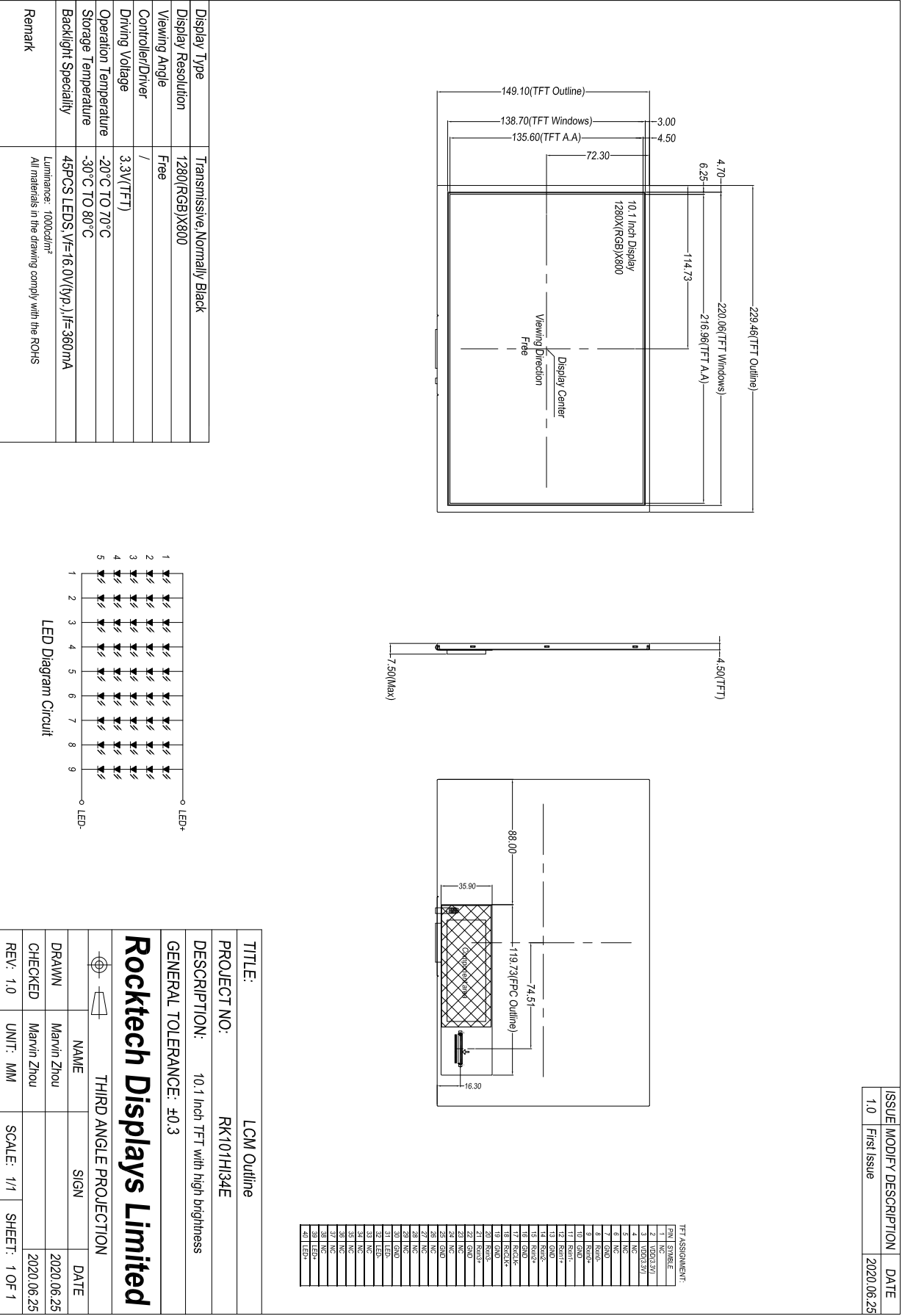
Power on sequence with PMODE=H

External VSP/VSN  
External VGH/VGL



Power off sequence with PMODE=H

## 8.Outline Dimension



Display Type	Transmissive, Normally Black
Display Resolution	1280(RGB)X800
Viewing Angle	Free
Controller/Driver	/
Driving Voltage	3.3V(TFT)
Operation Temperature	-20°C TO 70°C
Storage Temperature	-30°C TO 80°C
Backlight Specialty	45PCS LEDs, V <sub>f</sub> =16.0V(yp.), I <sub>f</sub> =360mA
Remark	Luminance: 1000cd/m² All materials in the drawing comply with the ROHS

TITLE: LCM Outline	
PROJECT NO: RK101HI34E	
DESCRIPTION: 10.1 Inch TFT with high brightness	
GENERAL TOLERANCE: ±0.3	
<b>Rocktech Displays Limited</b>	
THIRD ANGLE PROJECTION	
NAME	SIGN
DRAWN	DATE
CHECKED	2020.06.25
REV: 1.0	2020.06.25
UNIT: MM	
SCALE: 1/1	
SHEET: 1 OF 1	

## 9. Reliability and Inspection Standard

No.	Test Item		Test Conditions	Remark
1	High Temperature	Storage	80℃, 120Hr	Note
		Operation	70℃, 120Hr	Note
2	Low Temperature	Storage	-30℃, 120Hr	Note
		Operation	-20℃, 120Hr	
3	High Temperature and High Humidity		40℃, 90%RH, 120Hr	Note
4	Thermal Cycling Test(No operation)		-20C for 30min, 70c for 30 min. 100 cycles. Then test at room temperature after 1 hour	Note
5	Vibration Test(No operation)		Frequency :10~55 HZ; Stroke :1.5 mm;Sweep:10HZ~55HZ~10HZ; 2hours for each direction of X, Y, Z(6 hours for total)	
6	Package Drop Test		Height:60 cm,1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces	
7	Electro Static Discharge		±2KV,Human Body Mode, 100pF/1500Ω	

Note:

- 1) Sample quantity for each test item is 5~10pcs.
- 2) Note 4: Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 2 hours at room temperature.



## 10. PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

### Handling Precautions

- (1) The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile, it tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.
- (2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.
- (3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).
- (4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.
- (5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents
  - Isopropyl alcohol
  - Ethyl alcoholDo not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.
- (6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.
  - Water
  - Ketone
  - Aromatic solventsWipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contacting oil and fats.
- (7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.
- (8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.
- (9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.
- (10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
- (11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- (12) Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
  - Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
  - Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
  - Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
  - Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.

- Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.
- Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

### **Storage Precautions**

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution is necessary.

- (1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the dessicant.
- (2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C.
- (3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the container in which they were shipped).

### **Others**

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
- Terminal electrode sections.